## **Claims**

- 1. (Currently amended) A thermoelectric power source comprising:
- a flexible substrate having an upper surface; and
- a plurality of thermoelectric couples with the thermoelectric couples comprising:
- (a) a s<del>putter deposited</del> thin film p-type thermoelement positioned on the upper surface of the flexible substrate;
- (b) a sputter deposited thin film n-type thermoelement positioned on the upper surface of the flexible substrate adjacent the p-type thermoelement;
- (c) an electrically conductive member positioned on the flexible substrate, and electrically connecting the first end of the p-type thermoelement with the second end of the n-type thermoelement, wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements comprise  $Bi_xTe_y$ ,  $Sb_xTe_y$ , or  $Bi_xSe_y$  wherein x- and y form greater than in incidental amount of a non-stoichiometric compound and x is about 2 and y is about 3; and

wherein the thermoelectric couples are formed on a single substrate and the flexible substrate is in a coil configuration or an accordion configuration; and

wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements have L/A ratios from about 500 cm<sup>-1</sup> to about 10,000 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

- 2. (Withdrawn) A thermoelectric power source comprising:
- a flexible substrate having an upper surface; and
- a plurality of thermoelectric couples with the thermoelectric couples comprising:
- (a) a sputter deposited thin film p-type thermoelement positioned on the upper surface of the flexible substrate:
- (b) a sputter deposited thin film n-type thermoelement positioned on the upper surface of the flexible substrate adjacent the p-type thermoelement;
- (c) an electrically conductive member positioned on the flexible substrate, and electrically connecting the first end of the p-type thermoelement with the second end of the n-type thermoelement, wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements comprise  $Bi_xTe_y$ ,  $Sb_xTe_y$ , or  $Bi_xSe_y$  wherein and x is about 2 and y is about 3;

wherein the thermoelectric couples are formed on a single substrate and the flexible substrate is in a coil configuration or an accordion configuration; and

wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements have L/A ratios from about 500 cm<sup>-1</sup> to about  $10,000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ .

3. (Currently amended) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the p-type or and the n-type thermoelements comprise  $Bi_xTe_y$ ,  $Sb_xTe_y$ , and  $Bi_xSe_y$ , wherein x is about 2 and y is about 3 have L/A ratios greater than about 1000 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

## 4. (Canceled)

- 5. (Currently amended) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the thermoelectric power source has a power output of at least about 1  $\mu$ W with a voltage of at least about 0.25 volt from 50  $\mu$ W to 1 W.
- 6. (Previously presented) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 further comprising at least about 50 thermoelectric couples, wherein the thermoelectric power source has a power output of at least about 1  $\mu$ W with a voltage of at least about 0.25 volt.
- 7. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 6 wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements are at least about 1 mm in length and at least about 0.1 mm in width.
- 8. (Currently amended) The thermoelectric power source of claim 6 wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements are at least about <u>0.1 mm</u> <del>20 angstroms</del> in thickness.
- 9. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 further comprising at least about 1000 thermoelectric couples, wherein the thermoelectric power source has a power output of about 1W with a voltage of at least about 1 volt.

- 10. (Previously presented) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the p-type thermoelements each have a first width, the n-type thermoelements each have a second width, and the first width is different from the second width.
- 11. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein two or more p-type thermoelements are positioned and electrically connected in parallel with one another and the parallel positioned p-type thermoelements are electrically connected in series to n-type thermoelements.
- 12. (Currently amended) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the thin film p-type thermoelements or the thin film n-type thermoelements are co-sputter deposited thin films emprising comprise Bi<sub>x</sub>Te<sub>y</sub> and Sb<sub>x</sub>Te<sub>y</sub>, or Bi<sub>x</sub>Te<sub>y</sub> and Bi<sub>x</sub>Se<sub>y</sub>.
- 13. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the volume of the thermoelectric power source is less than about 10 cm<sup>3</sup> and has a power output of from about 1  $\mu$ W to about 1 W.
- 14. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the volume of the thermoelectric power source is less than about 10 cm<sup>3</sup> and provides voltages of greater than about 1 volt.
- 15. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 14 wherein the thermoelectric power source produces power at temperature differences of about 20°C or less.
- 16. (Original) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein two or more n-type thermoelements are positioned and electrically connected in parallel with one another and the parallel positioned n-type thermoelements are electrically connected in series to p-type thermoelements.
- 17. (Currently amended) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the n-type or the p-type thermoelements-comprise  $Sb_xTe_y$ ,  $Bi_xTe_y$  and  $Sb_xTe_y$ , or  $Sb_xTe_y$  and  $Bi_xSe_y$  are substantially free of selenium.

18. (Currently amended) The thermoelectric power source of claim 1 wherein the n-type or the p-type thermoelements comprise Bi<sub>x</sub>Te<sub>y</sub> and Sb<sub>x</sub>Te<sub>y</sub> the flexible substrate is a polyimide.

Claims 19 – 22 (Canceled)

23. (Withdrawn) A thermoelectric power source comprising:

multiple thermocouples electrically connected to one another on an upper surface of a-single flexible substrate, the thermocouples comprising:

sputter deposited thin film p-type thermoelements having thicknesses of 0.1 mm or greater;

sputter deposited thin film n-type thermoelements alternatingly positioned adjacent the p-type thermoelements, the n-type thermoelements having a thickness of about 0.1 mm or greater;

wherein the thermoelectric power source has a volume of less than about  $10~\text{cm}^3$  and has a power output of from about  $1~\mu\text{W}$  to about 1~W generated by the thermocouples on the-single flexible substrate; and

wherein the p-type thermoelements or the n-type thermoelements comprise a  $Bi_xTe_y$ ,  $Sb_xTe_y$ , or  $Bi_xSe_y$  alloy where x is about 2 and y is about 3.

- 24. (Withdrawn) The thermoelectric device of claim 23 wherein said multiple thermocouples electrically connected to one another are in series-parallel.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The thermoelectric power source of claim 23 wherein the p-type thermoelements have L/A ratios greater than about 500 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Claims 26 - 36 (Canceled)

- 37. (Currently amended) A thermoelectric power source comprising:
- a flexible substrate having an upper surface; and
- a thermoelectric couple comprising:
- (a) <del>co-sputter deposited-</del>alternating thin film p-type and n-type thermoelements positioned on the upper surface of the flexible substrate;

- (b) an electrically conductive member positioned on the flexible substrate, and electrically connecting a first end of the p-type thermoelement with-a second end of the n-type thermoelement, wherein the p-type or the n-type thermoelements comprise  $Sb_xTe_y$  or  $Bi_xSe_y$  wherein x is about 2 and y is about 3; and
  - (c) wherein the flexible substrate is in a coil configuration.
- 38. (Previously presented) The thermoelectric power source of claim 37 wherein the p-type thermoelements or the n-type thermoelements are at least about 1 mm in length and at least about 0.1 mm in width.
- 39. (Previously presented) The thermoelectric power source of claim 37 wherein the volume of the thermoelectric power source is less than about  $10 \text{ cm}^3$  and has a power output of from about  $1\mu\text{W}$  to about 1W.